

THE BRITISH COLONIST. Tuesday Morning, June 1, 1869. Shipping Intelligence. PORT OF VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

ENTERED May 31—Ship Lady Franklin, Pritchard, San Juan. May 31—Ship Enterprise, Swanson, New Westminster. May 31—Ship Enterprise, Swanson, New Westminster. May 31—Ship Enterprise, Swanson, New Westminster.

Court of Assize and General Delivery.

[BEFORE CHIEF JUSTICE NERDHAM.] Monday, May 31st.

The Court sat at 11 o'clock. Capt Edye, R. N., occupied a seat on the bench.

Wm. Lyons was placed in the dock to plead to an indictment charging him with enticing one of H. M.'s Marines to desert from the service. The prisoner pleaded not guilty. The Attorney General appeared for the prosecution and Mr Robertson, instructed by Messrs Courtney and Bishop, for the defence.

Levi Roberts, sworn—Am a private in the artillery belonging to H. M. S. Satellite; met Lyons on the 14th of April last, towards dark, at his home at the foot of Johnson street; went into his house; there was a person there who represented himself to be the captain of a ship; a man named Brown was there; Lyons asked me to go on board the ship Alaska for \$35 a month; I was in uniform; he said, I can't speak to you while you're in uniform; change your clothes; I did so and slept in the house that night; I was locked in and could not get out; in the morning, Gibbons, the waiting man let me out; I walked up the road and was taken by a policeman as a deserter and was confined for 45 days.

Cross-examined by Mr Robertson—When I went to Lyons' I was in that state when a man may be easily persuaded; I cannot recollect everything that took place during that day in Lyons' house; I did not intend to desert when I went to Lyons' house; when I changed my clothes, I intended to go on board the Alaska; when I was tried before my officers I said I did not intend to desert; I did not tell the truth at that time, but I don't call that kind of a lie (a laugh). I was not asked by anybody to give evidence against Lyons; I was visited by shipmates while in prison, but said nothing to them about that case. After I was committed to prison I heard that Lyons had given the information to the policeman by whom I was arrested; I heard that after I was arrested; I don't think anything about convicting Lyons; my object in coming here is not to get even with him for having me put in prison, my grog was stopped while I was in prison, which is not comfortable in cold weather (a laugh). I expect no reward for coming here; I have not heard from any proper authority that I am to be rewarded; since I have been here I have learned that a reward has been offered by the Admiral for such men as Lyons; if he is convicted I have no claim to make; if it's right I shall get it—if not, not.

Re-examined—I recollect distinctly the conversation with Lyons.

Wm. Henry Edye, R. N.—Am captain of H. M. S. Satellite; the witness—Levi Roberts is one of the men serving on board the Satellite.

By the Court—The Admiral has issued no order offering a reward for persons giving evidence against crimps; policemen are rewarded upon conviction.

Cross-examined—Roberts has not, to the best of my knowledge, been up before me for any offence before this; so far as my knowledge extends he is a sober and attentive man.

Richard Dorman, sworn—Am an ordinary seaman on board H. M. S. Satellite. On the 14th of April last was invited by Lyons to go to his house and take a glass of beer. He told me he was a shipping master and kept the Drury Lane. I went in and saw Richard and Roberts; [Lyons] asked me if I wanted to ship and offered me \$35 advance to do so, he told me I must change my clothes—I was in uniform—and that he would get me a suit until morning; he gave Richard half-a-dollar for stopping the night and he and Lyons say he would give Roberts \$35 to ship.

Cross-examined—Roberts was the worse for liquor. I saw him shut in a room for the night by Lyons, and Gibbons, Lyons' bar-keeper, opened the door in the morning and let Roberts out.

Henry Ricard, sworn—Am second gun- room steward on board H. M. S. Satellite. Lyons said to Roberts, do you want to ship. [The remainder of this witness's evidence was corroborative of the previous testimony.]

The case for the prosecution here rested. Mr Robertson, on behalf of the prisoner, here claimed an acquittal on the ground that the evidence brought forward by the Crown did not support the indictment—the offence being that of a man who persuaded another to leave his duty, not his allegiance; he quoted the Navy Discipline Act, 1857, sec. 25, to show that the penalty was by a fine of £30. The statute Geo. III. upon which the prosecution depended was not in force. An interval of half-a-hour was given the jury. Upon Mr. Lordship re-uming his seat, he informed the counsel for the defence that he would reserve the points raised; after the case had been referred to the jury on the facts, Mr. Robertson then addressed the jury for the defence and made a forcible appeal on the grounds that Roberts had made statements directly at variance and was not a trustworthy witness.

Wm. Nicol, sworn—Said he was a saloon-keeper; he knew Roberts and had a conversation with him about the middle of April in witness's house; Roberts asked witness how he could get over the Sound as he wanted to leave H. M. S. Satellite; witness

told him he could not inform him, and that he thought there were plenty on the other side who would be glad to get back again; Roberts was sober at the time; he was dressed in uniform.

Cross-examined—He had heard Roberts was arrested; he could not say as of his own knowledge; would not swear that that was after the 15th April; he was sure Roberts did not wish to go over the Sound because he wanted to pay a visit.

The Attorney General desired to recall Roberts to rebut the last witness, but it was objected to.

His Lordship then put the case to the jury; He told them that there were three points for them to decide upon, 1st, was Roberts Her Majesty's service. 2nd, did Lyons know that fact. 3d, was the prisoner guilty of endeavoring to seduce. His Lordship carefully reviewed the evidence and pointed out the salient points pro and con for the consideration of the jury. The jury retired, and after a brief absence, returned a verdict of guilty with a strong recommendation to mercy. His Lordship assured them that their recommendation should have every weight, and that he would give the case his most mature consideration and pass sentence to-day.

SENTENCE. Henry William White was called up, and having declined to say anything, His Lordship proceeded to pass sentence. He said the jury had taken a very merciful view of the case, and he did not know that they were justified in going so far as they did; had the bullet gone two inches more in a particular direction the man Anderson would certainly have been killed and the life of the prisoner forfeited. The mere carrying of so dangerous a weapon with intent, would have rendered him liable to fourteen years penal servitude. He had given the case his most careful consideration, and did not think the ends of justice would be served with a lighter sentence than the one he was about to pass. The sentence of the Court was that the prisoner be confined in gaol for twelve months and kept to hard labor. The prisoner's counsel proceeded to make objection to the part of the sentence involving hard labor, but did not appear to have raised any point. His Lordship thought could have any weight; at his earnest request His Lordship promised to stay the infliction of hard labor till Mr Wood had been heard in mitigation.

COURTING UNDER DIFFICULTIES.—Rooster-Eye, an aborigine, appeared before the Police Magistrate yesterday to answer a charge of stealing a hat and coat, valued at \$4, from another Indian rejoicing in the high-toned name of Bruce. The Rooster, who looked like anything but crowing, explained that he was courting Bruce's sister, and only borrowed the apparel to make a respectable appearance on the Sabbath. He offered to settle the matter by marrying the girl, but the Magistrate said that if the prisoner and Bruce were satisfied with the arrangement, justice was not, and sentenced the crestfallen bird to three months' imprisonment.

SOMETHING LIKE A ROPE.—Messrs. John and Edwin Wright, Gamson street, Birmingham, have just made an extraordinary rope with hemp cord and wire strands, for shipment abroad. It is 11,000 yards long, measures 5 1/2 inches in circumference, and weighs 60 lbs. The entire length of wire, in 60 threads, is 726,000 yards, or 412 1/2 miles. The length of yarn used for the centre—namely, 27 threads—is 405,000 yards, or about 230 miles. Thus there is a grand total of 1,131,000 yards, or 635 miles of material, to make a wire and hemp rope a little under six miles long.

A "VELOCITY" UP-ET.—Last evening a young man riding a velocipede along the Government street sidewalk encountered an inebriated individual who tumbled vehicle and rider into the gutter with the remark that "no one shall ride a velocity along the sidewalks if I can help it." The rider of the "velocity" was not seen after the upset.

A TIGHT SQUEEZE.—The Northwest Territory, in the Canadian Parliament, was only taken over by a majority of eleven votes. This, in a House that contained a Government majority of 45, is rather a tight squeeze, in the English Parliament so close a vote would be a virtual defeat.

THE DISTRICT REPRESENTATIVE.—Mr. DeCosmos, we learn has canvassed the districts for the vacant seat, and, it is stated, has secured a large number of pledges. Upon what platform of principles Mr. DeCosmos will take his stand, we are uninformd. Mr. W. J. Macdonald, former Mayor, will probably be put forward in opposition to Mr. DeCosmos.

BAYNES SOUND COAL MINE.—Mr. John Trutch is engaged in surveying the line of a tramway from the Baynes Sound coal seam to the water's edge. The mine is situated some five miles up the Sound and the tramway will end at a good harbor where the largest class of ships may load.

STRUCK.—The ship Alice M. Minot, while being towed through Plumper Pass at 12 1/2 o'clock yesterday morning, struck upon a small sunken rock and lost a short strip of copper. Beyond this no damage was sustained and she will sail in a day or two for Valparaiso.

FROM PUGET SOUND.—The steamer Wilson G. Hunt arrived at 7 o'clock last evening from ports on Puget Sound, bringing 35 passengers. Mr. N. Koshland, an old-time Victorian, now of Portland, Oregon, came over. Capt. Waitt and Purser Myrick have our thanks for the usual favors.

THE CALIFORNIA, overdue from San Francisco, had not arrived up to the hour of our going to press this morning. Some anxiety was felt concerning her; but it will be probably ascertained that strong northerly winds and a bad sea have retarded her progress.

TOWED DOWN.—The ship Alice M. Minot, from Moody's Mills, lumber laden for Valparaiso, was towed down by the steamer Isabel last evening.

DROWNED AT PORT DISCOVERY.—A young man named John Clarke, a native of England, was drowned in Port Discovery bay on the 15th ult. It seems that, with two associates, he took a leaky canoe and started out from the shore, and had proceeded about fifty yards when the canoe filled and sunk. His companions swam back to the shore, while poor Clarke, who could not swim, was drowned.

DEATH OF JOHN C. KEENAN.—A telegram from San Francisco states that Mr. John C. Keenan, formerly Chief Engineer of the Victoria Fire Department, dropped dead on the 25th ult. of heart disease.

CHARLES DICKENS has, it seems, been ordered by his medical advisers to discontinue his public readings for the present. His voice and heart are said to be affected.

MISS BRADDON, the novelist, is in very bad health, and obliged for the present to give up all work.

THE steamship California is advertised in the Olympia papers to sail from Victoria for San Francisco direct on Wednesday (tomorrow).

By Electric Telegraph.

SPECIAL TO THE DAILY BRITISH COLONIST.

LAST NIGHT'S DISPATCHES.

Eastern States.

WHEELING, West Virginia, May 29.—The destruction by the storm yesterday is far greater than was at first supposed. The destruction to vineyards is immense; those least injured cannot be made productive for years; the majority, of course, are utterly ruined. Many sheep and lambs were killed; the wheat and corn were cut close to the ground. The town of West Liberty is reported in ruins; hail stones to the depth of 2 feet lie in the streets.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—Some members of Congress are looking forward to the formation at some distant day of 2 or 3 Indian territories and the final settling of the Indian problem with regular political organizations and representatives.

NEW ORLEANS, May 29.—Reports of the Commercial Convention on foreign commerce and postal subsidy, favor the creation of ports of entry in all the principal cities on the Mississippi and its tributaries.

Europe.

CHICAGO, May 29.—A new conspiracy has been discovered at Milan and other points in Italy. Mazzini and others are implicated, but the objects of the conspiracy are not definitely known.

Private letters from Paris say revolutionary feeling is increasing rapidly and the Government has increased the police force in the principal cities of the Empire.

It is asserted that the Emperor of Russia is about to transfer the Capital from St. Petersburg to Kief. A palace at the latter place is already under process of construction, and a railway is completed from Odessa to Kief and will be finished to Moscow.

MADRID, May 28.—Serious disturbances occurred to-day at Malaga and Seville; they were directed against the Provisional Government.

MADRID, May 30.—The appointment of General Caballero de Roda as Capt. General of Cuba, is gazetted.

It is rumored that a new Provisional Ministry will be formed, to remain in office until October, when a plebiscite will be taken to decide the question of Sovereignty.

Several officers of the army have been arrested at Torroerosa, charged with having been engaged in a conspiracy for the restoration of Queen Isabella.

NEW YORK, May 30.—A Herald's cable dispatch from London states that at a meeting of the Jockey Club, Sir Joseph Hawley's motion to prohibit the racing of two-year-olds was lost. Forester's resolution, prohibiting such racing before the 1st of May of each year, was carried. This is regarded as the greatest reform the turf has experienced for years in reference to the amelioration of thoroughbreds and the morality of the racing community.

Canada.

MONTREAL, May 29.—The people in the valley of Ottawa are greatly in need of seeds. Agents have been appointed to go through the Dominion to purchase, especially oats and hay, the latter being \$35 per ton. Grain is so scarce for freight that ships are loading with lumber at Quebec.

The military authorities of Canada have received orders to send to England all obsolete arms and ammunition in store.

OTTAWA, May 29.—In the House of Commons last night the Government resolution respecting the annexation of the Northwest territories was carried by a majority of 11.

Cuba.

NEW YORK, May 30.—Havana specials say the Government is in great need of coal, and will probably put an embargo on all stores on the Island.

Latest accounts from the insurgents say that Count Valmaceda has been driven from Bay Vio, and has been captured; 2000 of his troops died of cholera. His men are destitute of all stores, and much discontent prevails. The rebels are greatly elated at their late successes and never more sanguine of securing their independence.

Central America.

NEW YORK, May 30.—Small pox broke out on board the British steamer Champion, at Panama—14 cases reported. Yellow fever is raging at San Jose and Escalante, in San Salvador.

The volcano of Isacallo is in active eruption. Enormous streams of lava are pouring into the plain. The eruption was preceded by several shocks of an earthquake.

California.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 30.—The steamer Golden City arrived this morning from Panama.

Sailed—May 28th, bark Rival, Port Discovery; May 29th, steamship Continental, Portland; bark Chris. Mitchell, Port Madison.

Arrived—May 30th, steamer Oriflamme, Portland.

Second Dispatch.

Eastern States.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—A large number of wagon loads of flowers have gone to Arlington, to-day, to be used in decorating the graves of the soldiers interred there. Business is suspended, and the city presents the appearance of a Sabbath day; thousands having left to attend the solemn ceremony of decorating the graves of our fallen heroes. The Department are all closed.

CHICAGO, May 29.—To-day was observed in Detroit, Providence, Philadelphia, New York, Washington, Boston and many other cities throughout the country by decorating the graves of the soldiers. The citizens generally turned out in large numbers, bells were tolled, minute guns fired, speeches, prayers, etc., comprised the services in many places.

NEW YORK, May 29.—Private letters from Paris say the revolutionary feeling is increasing rapidly. The government has increased the police force in the principal cities of the Empire.

CHICAGO, May 30.—To-day was observed as Decoration Day at Milwaukee, Buffalo, Gettysburg, Philadelphia, and many other cities with the usual ceremonies.

ST. LOUIS, May 30.—Belmonte, Calvary and other cemeteries around the city were visited to-day by large crowds of people. The National Cemetery at Jefferson Barracks, 2 miles below the city, was very imposing; the graves of 11,700 soldiers were strewn with flowers and decorated with wreaths and crosses.

NEW YORK, May 31.—A Lima letter of May 14th says that the Peruvian Government has recognized the Cubans as belligerents. Senor Vallecilla, Cuban Commissioner, arrived in Lima some time previous to ask the loan of the Peruvian monitors for the use of the Cuban insurgents, but the request has not been complied with.

Ben Butler is said to have said that he opposed a Reciprocity Treaty with Canada as we were not fairly treated in the last one.

Europe.

LONDON, May 28.—A Times' special says business in American bonds at Frankfurt is continued to the issue of 1862.

The Oak Stakes were won to-day by "Brigantine."

The Tories of the country are organizing meetings to protest against the disestablishment of the Irish Church.

Moscow, in reply to Obortage, thought the appropriating of a loan for the Intercolonial railroad, and also to pay the debt of Canada would not be illegal.

MADRID, May 28.—A demonstration in favor of Montpensier is expected at Seville.

TRISTE, May 28.—Ismael Pasha arrived and was received with great state.

LIVERPOOL, May 30.—Minister Motley arrived to-day and was received by the Mayor and the American Consul.

MADRID, May 30.—Doroda will sail for Cuba June 15th.

VIENNA, May 30.—Ismael Pasha, Viceroy of Egypt, has arrived.

Cuba.

HAVANA, May 29.—The sugar market is quiet, and all qualities have slightly fallen.

California.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 31.—Flour, interior brands, superfine, \$4 25; and extra, \$4 40; at close, superfine, \$1 20.

Wheat—Superfine, \$1 35 @ 1 37 1/2; fair milling, \$1 50; good milling, \$1 60 @ 1 62 1/2; choice, \$1 60 @ 1 65; other descriptions, \$1 30 @ 1 50; at close, milling, \$1 50.

Barley—Feed at \$1 25 @ 1 40; brewing, \$1 35 @ 1 50.

Oats—California, \$1 40 @ 1 70; and Oregon, \$1 65 @ 1 75.

Gold in New York, to-day, 138 3/4 @ 138 3/8.

Arrived, May 31—Schooner Enterprise from Umpqua.

Sailed, May 19—Bark Atlanta, Bean, Portland.

General Debility is Nature's Appeal for Help.

Thousands of persons, without any specific ailment, are the victims of languor and lassitude. The unthinking are apt to confound this species of inertia, with laziness; whereas it usually arises from a want of organic energy for which the subjects of it are no more responsible than the near-sighted are for their defective vision. Such persons, although they may be free from pain, are as truly invalids, and as much in need of medical aid, as if they were tormented with the pangs of acute disease. They require a tonic and alternative, that will rouse and regulate their torpid organizations. In cases of this kind, HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS produce an immediate and most favorable effect. The debilitated and desponding valetudinarian, who feels as if he were but half alive; who shuns company, has no relish either for business or pleasure, is metamorphosed, by a brief course of this most potent vegetable invigorant, into quite a different being. The change effected by the BITTERS, in his bodily and mental condition is a surprise to himself and to his friends. He mopes no longer; the active principle of life which seemed to have died out of him is re-awakened, and he feels like a new man. Remembering that debility is not only an affliction itself, but an invitation to disease, no time should be lost in recruiting the broken-down system with this choicest and most potent of all tonics and nervines.

Rowlands' three great preparations for the hair, the complexion, and the teeth, are known in all quarters of the globe. Their famous "Macassar Oil" has been counterfeited in France, Germany, and elsewhere, but none of the spurious preparations have possessed the extraordinary properties of the genuine article. Rowland's "Kalydor" for the complexion has retained its prominent place among fashionable cosmetics notwithstanding the numerous new articles introduced for the complexion. The "Odonto" for the teeth is highly prized by thousands who have used no other dentifrice for years. Rowlands' great success during the past two generations, and their present prominent position as manufacturers, may justly be attributed to the excellent character of their articles, and to the fact that unlike many other proprietors of established fame, they do not allow their cosmetics to deteriorate in quality.

A CLEAN SMOOTH SKIN.

"My blood and humors were in a very bad state; painful sores broke out all over my body and limbs. Seven weeks' use of Bristol's Sarsaparilla and Pills made me a new man, with as clean and smooth a skin as any one could have."

J. SMITH, Marysville, 578.

Auction Sales.

Lumley Franklin, AUCTIONEER, COMMISSION & REAL ESTATE AGENT.

BEARS TO ANNOUNCE THAT HE HAS taken the Fireproof Brick Building in Yates street, nearly opposite Messrs. Wells, Fargo & Co's Express office. Having had seven years' experience in the Auction business, he respectfully solicits a renewal of public support.

AUCTION SALE.

OF Merchandise, Wines, Liquors, Etc.

Preliminary Notice.

LUMLEY FRANKLIN WILL SELL, ON Thursday, June 3rd,

AT 11 O'CLOCK A. M.,

At his SALESROOM, Yates St.

A general Assortment of GROCERIES,

Including Soap, Candles, Rice, Table Salt in Preserve Jars, Cocoa, Pickles, Sauces, &c.

—ALSO—

IN BOND, to close Consignment—Maraschino, Curacao, Absynthe, Bitters, Cognac, Assorted Liquors in Fancy Bottles, Gin, &c.

—ALSO—

For account of whom it may concern, 15 large cases Chollet's FRENCH PRESERVES, ex Gem of the Ocean.

—ALSO—

20 nests Baskets, 4 in a nest.

—ALSO—

A LOT OF SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS,

Beds and Bedding, Large Vases, Dinner Service, Japanese Ornaments, Looking Glasses, etc.

—ALSO—

A bay Gelding, perfectly sound and gentle, saddle and bridle and stable gear named RODERICK,

—ALSO—

Whitehall Boat, nearly new, with mast and sail, oars and sculls, a fast sailor.

Etc., Etc., Etc.

LUMLEY FRANKLIN, Auctioneer.

Auction Sales.

J. P. Davies & Co. AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS. Saleroom Fireproof Stone Building, Wharf Street near Yates.

Cash advances made on Consignments.

AUCTION.

J. P. Davies & Co. WILL SELL

At Sateroom, Wharf street,

THIS DAY

Tuesday, June 1st,

AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK, A.M.,

Under Power of Sale, to William Foot,

One Chestnut Horse One Water Cart

—ALSO—

Groceries & other Goods.

Ex "Gem of the Ocean."

50 Nests Market Baskets, 4 in ea nest

8 Pkgs, 8 doz 1-gallon Kegs

8 Bales, 98 reams Manila Paper

5 "Dble Crown English Straw do

10 Cases Pollack Matches, 10 g ea.

10 Pkgs Hemp Sewing Twine

30 Kegs Paints, assorted colors

10 "White Lead

Wines & Champagne

15 Cases Fine Golden Sherry

10 "Superior Champagne

2 Casks Page's Port

Groceries.

50 Mats No. 1 China Rice

"Broken "

14 Ceroons Elmer Raisins

5 Trayels New Layer Raisins

Kegs Crushed Sugar

Zante Currants, in bxs, Tins and Kegs

Robinson's Patent Groats, Pearl Barley, Arrowroot,

Mustard, Cocoa, English Vinegar,

Sauces, Pie Fruits and Pickles

Salt in bottles, Corn Meal in gunnies

Corn Meal in Sacks

Green Corn in Cases

Dried Apples

5 Cases of celebrated Creme Anglo-French Sauce

10 Barrels Buxton's Flour, extra

10 Bundles Roping Twine

—ALSO—

—cs choice brands Tobacco

ETC., ETC., ETC.

J. P. DAVIES, Auctioneer.

Preliminary Notice.

Furniture Sale

J. P. DAVIES & CO. Have received instructions from Capt. Stamp to Sell at his Residence, Park street,

